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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/364,375	07/30/1999	RONEN CHAYAT	ITL.0151US	9363
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1616 S. VOSS R	OAD, SUITE 750		HEWITT II, CALVIN L	
HOUSTON, TX	77057-2631		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3621	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONT	гнс	04/23/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/364,375	CHAYAT, RONEN	
· Office Action	on Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Calvin L. Hewitt II	3621	
	TE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
Period for Reply				
WHICHEVER IS LONG - Extensions of time may be ava after SIX (6) MONTHS from the - If NO period for reply is specific - Failure to reply within the set o	ER, FROM THE MAILING illable under the provisions of 37 CFR a mailing date of this communication. and above, the maximum statutory perior extended period for reply will, by state a later than three months after the mai	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re	epty be timely filed I'HS from the mailing date of this communication ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1) Responsive to co	mmunication(s) filed on 05	February 2007		
2a)⊠ This action is FIN	· · ·	nis action is non-final.	•	
′=	/—		ers, prosecution as to the merits i	e
		Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	· •	3
	nee war are produce and	Expans Quaylo, 1000 O.D	11, 400 0.0. 210.	
Disposition of Claims			•	
	<u>,17-26 and 28-30</u> is/are pe	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	claim(s) is/are withdo	rawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is				
	5 <u>, 17-26 and 28-30</u> is/are r	ejected.		
7) Claim(s) is	=			
8) Claim(s) ar	e subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			•	
9) ☐ The specification is	s objected to by the Exami	ner.		
10) The drawing(s) file	d on is/are: a)	ccepted or b) objected to b	ov the Examiner.	
		ne drawing(s) be held in abeyan		
			s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
	•		Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119			
12) Acknowledgment i	s made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a) (d) or (f)	
	e * c)☐ None of:	gn priority under 35 0.3.0. §	119(a)-(u) 01 (1).	
•	pies of the priority docume	nts have been received		
		nts have been received in Ap	onlication No	
			received in this National Stage	
	from the International Bure		received in this National Stage	
		st of the certified copies not i	eceived	
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Attachment(s)	•			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	ummary (PTO-413)	
2) 🔲 Notice of Draftsperson's Pat	ent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s	/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure State Paper No(s)/Mail Date	ment(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of In 6) Other:	formal Patent Application	
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Status of Claims

1. Claims 1-4, 6-15, 17-26 and 28-30 have been examined.

Response to Amendments/Arguments

2. Applicant is of the opinion that the prior art does not teach transmitting packets that take less time to process before packets that take more time to process. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. It has been held that a prior art reference is to be considered not for what it expressly states, but for what it would reasonably have suggested to one of ordinary skill of the art (In re Delisle, 160USPQ 806 (CCPA 1969); see also Lamont v. Berguer, 7 USPQ2d 1580 (BdPatApp&Int 1988); In re Shepard, 138 USPQ 148 (CCPA 1963); In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969)). Cidon et al. teach a high priority packet/ low priority packet protocol where low priority packets (i.e. packets exceed a maximum size) are pre-empted by high priority packets (column 4, lines 5-30; column 8, lines 12-16). Cidon et al. do not specifically define "high priority". Taniguchi teaches determining whether to transmit or abandon a packet by filtering the packet (column 12, lines 52-56; column/line 18/62-19/8) according to packet size (column 19, lines 1-8). Therefore, the references together suggest establishing packet priority based on packet size ('841, column 19, lines 1-8)

where low priority packets are defined by packets that exceed a maximum size ('473, column 4, lines 5-30) and, high priority packets are at least packets that are less than the maximum size.

The Examiner maintains the rejection to Applicant's claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 3, 6-12, 15, 17-23, 26, and 28-30 are rejected under 35
 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 2, 3, 6-12, 14, 15, 17-23, 26, and 28-30 are directed to methods of transmitting data packets using a method other than the algorithm prescribed in claim 1 which teaches giving routing priority to packets that take less time to process. Claim 2, for example, recites processing packets according to security parameters, while claims 3 and 12 recite executing a priority according to "first-infirst-out" and "round-robin" rules, respectively. Therefore, Applicant's method is unclear to one of ordinary skill (*In re Zletz*, 13 USPQ2d 1320 (Fed. Cir. 1989)).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-4, 6-15, 17-26 and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cidon et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,343,473 in view of Taniguchi, U.S. Patent No. 6,222,841.

As per claims 1-4, 6-15, 17-26 and 28-30, Cidon et al. teach receiving packets of at least two types, determining which type of packet takes more time to process, identifying a packet of lower priority (e.g. a first type) that takes more time to process, identifying a packet of a higher priority (e.g. second type) that takes of the higher priority (e.g. less time to process) and transmitting packets of the lower priority (e.g. second type) before packets of the first type (column 1, lines 50-53; column 4, lines 5-30; column 8, lines 13-16). Cidon et al. also teach FIFO (column 1, lines 61-65), monitoring a queue in order to fetch one type of packet over another (column 1, lines 50-53; column 8, lines 13-16). Regarding linking packets (e.g. claim 7) it is inherent to packet switching that data to be transmitted from a sending node over a network is broken up into packets, the

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packets are routed along different paths on the network, and reassembled at receiving node. In order to be reassembled, the packets are necessarily linked. Cidon et al. do not explicitly recite how high priority is assigned. Taniguchi teaches a method for transmitting data packets across a network (abstract) based on a priority (figure 14; column/line 16/19-17/17; column/line 22/18-23/6) such as processing time (e.g. packet size, number of transmitted bytes) (column/line 18/62-19/8) or other user defined parameter (column 4, lines 3-10; column 16, lines 18-33; column 18, lines 14-32). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to combine the teachings of Cidon et al. and Taniguchi in order more effectively distribute audio and video data over a packet switching network ('841, column 7, lines 5-15).

Conclusion

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire

THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is

filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory

action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Calvin Loyd Hewitt II whose telephone number is (571) 272-6709. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Andrew Fischer, can be reached at (571) 272-6779.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Calvin Loyd Hewitt Primary Examiner

April 17, 2007

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